Farm Service Agency, USDA

the actual use of proceeds. The borrower must make these records available to the Agency upon request.

- (b) The borrower may not dispose of chattel security for an amount less than its market value. All proceeds, including any amount in excess of the market value, must be distributed to lienholders for application to the borrower's account in the order of lien priority.
- (1) The Agency considers the market value of normal income security to be the prevailing market price of the commodity in the area in which the farm is located.
- (2) The market value for basic security is determined by an appraisal obtained in accordance with §761.7 of this chapter.
- (c) When the borrower sells chattel security, the property and proceeds remain subject to the Agency lien until the lien is released by the Agency.
- (d) The Agency and all other lienholders must provide written consent before a borrower may use proceeds for a purpose other than payment of lienholders in the order of lien priority.
- (e) The transaction must not interfere with the borrower's farming operation or jeopardize the borrower's ability to repay the FLP loan.
- (f) The disposition must enhance the program objectives of the FLP loan.
- (g) When the borrower exchanges security property for other property or purchases new property with sale proceeds, the acquisition must be essential to the farming operation as well as meet the program objectives, purposes, and limitations for the type of loan.
- (h) All checks, drafts, or money orders which the borrower receives from the sale of Agency security must be payable to the borrower and the Agency. If all FLP loan installments and any past due installments, for the period of the agreement for the use of proceeds have been paid, however, these payments from the sale of normal income security may be payable solely to the borrower.

[72 FR 63309, Nov. 8, 2007, as amended at 78 FR 65531, Nov. 1, 2013]

§ 765.302 Use and maintenance of the agreement for the use of proceeds.

- (a) The borrower and the Agency will execute an agreement for the use of proceeds.
- (b) The borrower must report any disposition of basic or normal income security to the Agency as specified in the agreement for the use of proceeds.
- (c) If a borrower wants to dispose of normal income security in a way different than provided by the agreement for the use of proceeds, the borrower must obtain the Agency's consent before the disposition unless all FLP payments planned on the agreement have been paid.
- (d) If the borrower sells normal income security to a purchaser not listed in the agreement for the use of proceeds, the borrower must immediately notify the Agency of what property has been sold and of the name and business address of the purchaser.
- (e) The borrower must provide the Agency with the necessary information to update the agreement for the use of proceeds.
- (f) Changes to the agreement on the use of proceeds will be recorded, dated and initialed by the borrower and the Agency.

[72 FR 63309, Nov. 8, 2007, as amended at 78 FR 65531, Nov. 1, 2013]

§ 765.303 Use of proceeds from chattel security.

- (a) *General*. (1) Proceeds from the sale of basic security and normal income security must be remitted to lienholders in order of lien priority.
- (2) Proceeds remitted to the Agency may be used as follows:
 - (i) Applied to the FLP loan;
- (ii) Pay customary costs appropriate to the transaction.
- (3) With the concurrence of all lienholders, proceeds may be used to preserve the security because of a natural disaster or other severe catastrophe, when funds cannot be obtained by other means in time to prevent the borrower and the Agency from suffering a substantial loss.
- (4) Security may be consumed as follows:
- (i) Livestock may be used by the borrower's family for subsistence;

§ 765.304

- (ii) If crops serve as security and usually would be marketed, the Agency may allow such crops to be fed to the borrower's livestock, if this is preferable to marketing, provided the Agency obtains a lien or assignment on the livestock, and livestock products, at least equal to the lien on the crops.
- (b) Proceeds from the sale of normal income security. In addition to the uses specified in paragraph (a) of this section, the agreement for the use of proceeds will allow for release of proceeds from the sale of normal income security to be used to pay essential family living and farm operating expenses. Such releases will be terminated when an account is accelerated.
- (c) Proceeds from the sale of basic security. In addition to the uses specified in paragraph (a) of this section:
- (1) Proceeds from the sale of basic security may not be used for any family living and farm operating expenses.
- (2) Security may be exchanged for chattel property better suited to the borrower's needs if the Agency will acquire a lien on the new property at least equal in value to the lien held on the property exchanged.
- (3) Proceeds may be used to purchase chattel property better suited to the borrower's needs if the Agency will acquire a lien on the purchased property. The value of the purchased property, together with any proceeds applied to the FLP loan, must at least equal the value of the Agency lien on the old security.

§ 765.304 Unapproved disposition.

- (a) If a borrower disposes of chattel security without Agency approval, or misuses proceeds, the borrower must:
- (1) Make restitution to the Agency within 30 days of Agency notification; or
- (2) Provide disposition or use information to enable the Agency to consider post-approval within 30 days of Agency notification.
- (b) Failure to cure the first unauthorized disposition in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section, or a second unauthorized disposition, whether or not cured, constitutes a non-monetary default, will be considered by the Agency when making eligibility determinations for future requests for as-

sistance, may adversely impact such requests, and may result in civil or criminal action.

§ 765.305 Release of security interest.

- (a) When Agency security is sold, exchanged, or consumed in accordance with the agreement for the use of proceeds, the Agency will release its security interest to the extent of the value of the security disposed.
- (b) Security interests on wool and mohair may be released when the security is marketed by consignment, provided all of the following conditions are met:
- (1) The borrower assigns to the Agency the proceeds of any advances made, or to be made, on the wool or mohair by the broker, less shipping, handling, processing, and marketing costs:
- (2) The borrower assigns to the Agency the proceeds of the sale of the wool or mohair, less any remaining costs in shipping, handling, processing, and marketing, and less the amount of any advance (including any interest which may have accrued on the advance) made by the broker against the wool or mohair; and
- (3) The borrower and broker agree that the net proceeds of any advances on, or sale of, the wool or mohair will be paid by checks made payable jointly to the borrower and the Agency.
- (c) The Agency will release its lien on chattel security without compensation, upon borrower request provided:
- (1) The borrower has not received primary loan servicing or Disaster Set-Aside within the last 3 years;
- (2) The borrower will retain the security and use it as collateral for other credit, including partial graduation as specified in §765.101;
- (3) The security margin on each FLP direct loan will be 150 percent or more after the release. The value of the retained and released security will normally be based on appraisals obtained as specified in §761.7 of this chapter; however, well documented recent sales of similar properties can be used if the Agency determines a supportable decision can be made without current appraisals;
- (4) The release is approved by the FSA State Executive Director; and